Patient Name		DOB	
Name of TCM Qualific	ed Healthcare Pro	fessional (QHP) Provider:	
Discharge Date:	TCM End [Date (29 days after day of discharge):	
moderate or high hospital setting (i observation statu setting (home, do • Documentation f	n complexity medical of including acute, rehalous in a hospital, or skilo omiciliary, rest home, or TCM includes the tovers, date of the face-	tient whose medical and/or psychosocial decision making during transitions in care pilitation and long-term acute care hospit lled nursing facility/nursing facility, to the or assisted living). iming of the initial post discharge communito-face visit, and the complexity of medical	from an inpatient al), partial hospital, patient's community
the patient's medAdditional visits iMedication recor	dical record by the QF in the TCM period ma	y be billed by the QHP according to level on the must occur not later than the date of	of care provided.
Date/Time:	ation: Direct T	- Must occur w/in 2 business days aft - Telephone Electronic Other	-
		Relationship to Patient:	
Notes from Initial Co	ontact :		
See page 4 of a TCM Code: □ 99495	this document for (Must occur w/in 14	MDM of Face-to Face Visit: details of face-to-face visit calendar days of discharge & moderate co calendar days of discharge & high complex	omplexity MDM)
☐ Medication reconci medical record. Must		ent performed and docuemnted in re face-to face visit.	the pateint's
OHP Signature:	Dat	te:	

Non-Face-To-Face Services Provided by Clinical Staff Under the Direction of QHP

*Initial and date when services are performed.					
Service	Date	Date	Date	Comments	
Commuication to Patient/Care giver regarding care					
Educate patient/caregiver regarding care self- management, independent living, and activities of daily living					
Assess and support treatment regimen adherence and medication management					
Identify available community and health resources					
Communication with home health agencies and					

DOB _____

Non-Face-To-Face Services Provided by Physician/QHP

Patient Name_____

*Initial and date when services are performed.

other community services utilized by patient
Facilitate access to necessary care and services

Service	Date	Date	Date	Comments
Discharge records reviewed (including, test results and				
follow-up on any pending results or scheduled tests, and				
all communications with patients, caregivers, home				
health, DME, other physicians or healthcare professionals				
(eg, therapists), community services, etc.				
Communication with Patient/Care giver regarding care				
Labs Reviewed				
Diagnostic Tests Reviewed				
Communication with Other Health Care ProfessionIs				
concering continuity of care				
Adjustment of Medications				
Cooridination of Home Health, DME, Therapy, Social				
Services				
Referrals, certifications/recertifications for services				

Additional Services/Comments

Patient Name		DOB		
Face-To-Face \	Visit Documentation - Must be	docuemnted by QHP Pro	vider	
Date of Service	:			
Patient's Diagno	osis/Condition (1)(6)	(2)(3)	
Me	dical Decision Making Includes; # (Use tables belo	of Problems, # of Data Revi	ewed and R	lisk
Problems			Points	Total points
Self-limited or minor (ma	aximum of 2)		1	
Established problem, sta	uble or improving		1	
Established problem, wo	orsening		2	
New problem, with no a	dditional work-up planned (maximum of 1)		3	
New problem, with addi	tional work-up planned		4	
table above) Review or order clinical Review or order radiolog Review or order medicin Discuss test with perforn Independent review of i Decision to obtain old re Review and summation RISK LEVEL	gy test (except heart catheterization or echo) ne test (PFTs, EKG, cardiac echo or cath) ming physician mage, tracing, or specimen	es provided prior to this visit – see	Points 1 1 1 2 1 2	Total Points
Moderate Risk Requires any ONE of these elements in ANY of the three categories listed	 One or more chronic illness, with mild exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment Two or more stable chronic illnesses Undiagnosed new problem, with uncertain prognosis, e.g., lump in breast Acute illness, with systemic symptoms Acute complicated injury, e.g., head injury, with brief loss of consciousness 	 Physiologic tests under stress, e.g., cardiac stress test, fetal contraction stress test Diagnostic endoscopies, with no identified risk factors Deep needle, or incisional biopsies Cardiovascular imaging studies, with contrast, with no identified risk factors, e.g., arteriogram, cardiac catheterization Obtain fluid from body cavity, e.g., LP/thoracentesis 	iden Elect (ope ende iden Pres man Ther med IV fle Close fract	or surgery, with htified risk factors tive major surgery en, percutaneous, or oscopic), with no htified risk factors foription drug hagement rapeutic nuclear licine uids, with additives ed treatment of ture or dislocation, hout manipulation

Patient Name	DOB

RISK LEVEL

Risk Level	Presenting Problems	Diagnostic Procedures	Management Options Selected
High Risk Requires any ONE of these elements in ANY of the three categories listed	 One or more chronic illness, with severe exacerbation or progression Acute or chronic illness or injury, which poses a threat to life or bodily function, e.g., multiple trauma, acute MI, pulmonary embolism, severe respiratory distress, progressive severe rheumatoid arthritis, psychiatric illness, with potential threat to self or others, peritonitis, ARF An abrupt change in neurological status, e.g., seizure, TIA, weakness, sensory loss 	 Cardiovascular imaging, with contrast, with identified risk factors Cardiac EP studies Diagnostic endoscopies, with identified risk factors Discography 	 Elective major surgery (open, percutaneous, endoscopic), with identified risk factors Emergency major surgery (open, percutaneous, endoscopic) Parenteral controlled substances Drug therapy requiring intensive monitoring for toxicity Decision not to resuscitate, or to de-escalate care because of poor prognosis

Treatment/Management

Overall MDM	Problem Points	Data Reviewed Points	Risk
99495 - Moderate Complexity	3	3	Moderate
99496- High Complexity	4	4	High

Medical decision making is defined by the E/M Services Guidelines. The medical decision making over the period reported is used to define the medical decision making of TCM. Documentation includes the timing of the initial post discharge communication with the patient or caregivers, date of the face-to-face visit, and the complexity of medical decision making.

Physicain/QHP Signature	Date
rilysicality Qrir Signature	Date

Patient Name______ DOB _____

Tansitional Care Management Team					
Name	Credentials	Signature	Initals		

COMMENTS